ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Rockville Centre Union Free School District

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of Rockville Centre Union Free School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of Rockville Centre Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of funding progress on pages 1 through 14 and 49 through 51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rockville Centre Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary financial information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2014 on our consideration of Rockville Centre Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rockville Centre Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP

Islandia, NY October 10, 2014

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Rockville Centre Union Free School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. <u>FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS</u>

- On the District-Wide Financial Statements, revenues increased by 3.27% as a result of increases in property taxes and operating grants.
- On the District-Wide Financial Statements, expenditures increased by 4.81% as a result of increases in instructional expenditures.
- The District has maintained an "Aa2" credit rating from Moody's for its bond borrowing. This rating will save the taxpayers several million dollars over the life of the bonds.
- On the Fund Financial Statements, the unassigned fund balance of \$3,930,764 is limited by NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Currently, the latter is at 3.81% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year.
- South Side High School has consistently ranked as one of the top public high schools in the United States of America. The District continued to offer all programs, without reducing services.
- On May 20, 2014, the proposed 2014-2015 budget in the amount of \$103,136,754 was authorized by the District's residents.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and optional supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-Wide Financial Statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *Fund Financial Statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the operations in *more detail* than the District-Wide Statements.

- The Governmental Fund Statements tell how basic services such as instruction and support functions were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, including the employees of District.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Table A-1: Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report

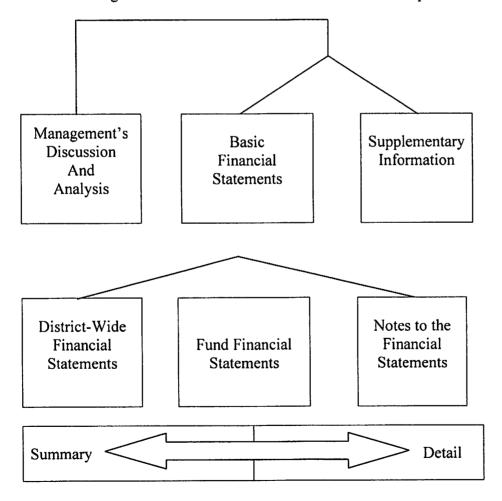


Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-2: Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-Wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements	
		Governmental	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire entity (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the District, such as special education and instruction	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of others, such as employee benefits
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Modified accrual and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-Wide Financial Statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-Wide Financial Statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the financial health or position of the District.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

Net position of the governmental activities differ from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated if it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt are both accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

District-Wide Financial Statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets;
- Report long-term debt as a liability;
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities;
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; and
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - Net investment in capital assets;
 - Restricted net position are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of governments) or approved by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation;
 - Unrestricted net position is net position that does not meet any of the above restrictions.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific revenue sources and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the laws of the State of New York. The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the programs of the District. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-Wide Financial Statements, additional information is provided on reconciliation pages explaining the relationship (or differences) between them. In summary, the government fund statements focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often has a budgetary orientation. Included are the general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund. Required statements are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds and student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-Wide Financial Statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. This report should be used to support the District's own programs and is developed using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans and certain post-employment healthcare plans.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

The District's total net deficit increased by \$5,293,547 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 as detailed in Table A-3.

Table A-3 – Condensed Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

				Total
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	Percentage
	2014	2013	(Decrease)	Change
Current assets and other assets	\$27,428,064	\$22,251,240	\$5,176,824	23.27%
Capital assets	26,730,861	20,950,678	5,780,183	27.59%
Total Assets	\$54,158,925	\$43,201,918	\$10,957,007	25.36%
Other liabilities	\$17,593,457	\$7,148,991	\$10,444,466	146.10%
Long-term liabilities	61,336,847	55,530,759	5,806,088	10.46%
Total Liabilities	78,930,304	62,679,750	16,250,554	25.93%
Net Position				
Net Investment in capital assets	6,000,856	9,174,086	(3,173,230)	-34.59%
Restricted	5,069,245	5,136,594	(67,349)	-1.31%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(35,841,480)	(33,788,512)	(2,052,968)	6.08%
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(24,771,379)	(19,477,832)	(5,293,547)	-27.18%
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$54,158,925	\$43,201,918	\$10,957,007	25.36%

Certain reclassifications have been made for financial statement presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on the total net position as previously reported.

Current assets and other assets increased \$5,176,824 from 2013 to 2014 primarily due to an increase in cash and due from other governments. Capital assets (net of depreciation) increased by \$5,780,183. This was attributable to capital asset additions offset by current year depreciation.

Other liabilities increased by \$10,444,466. This was attributable to an increase in due to teachers' retirement system, as well as an increase in bond anticipation notes used to provide temporary funding for capital projects. Long-term liabilities increased by \$5,806,088 primarily due to an increase in net other post-employment benefits obligation of approximately \$6.9 million.

The net investment in capital assets relates to the investment in capital assets at cost such as land, construction in progress, buildings & improvements, and furniture & equipment, net of depreciation and related debt. This number decreased from the prior year by \$3,173,230 due to depreciation and the issuance of bond anticipation notes, offset by additional capital expenses for building improvements and equipment, and principal payments on debt.

The restricted net position balance in the amount of \$5,069,245 relates to the District's reserves: employee benefit accrued liability, retirement contribution and unemployment insurance, as well as the debt service fund balance. The restricted amount decreased by \$67,349 as compared to the prior year. This decrease is due to a decrease in the retirement contribution reserve, offset by an increase in the employee benefit accrued liability reserve.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) relates to the balance of the District's net position. The deficit increased by \$2,052,968 from the prior year. This is primarily due to the increase in net other post employment benefits obligation. Net position overall decreased by \$5,293,547.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

Table A-4: Change in Net Position from Operating Results, Governmental Activities Only:

uble / i emange in rect resistion		, -		Total
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	Percentage
	2014	2013	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$3,617,236	\$3,802,250	(\$185,014)	-4.87%
Operating grants	2,334,940	2,022,057	312,883	15.47%
Capital grants	501,712	499,636	2,076	0.42%
General Revenues				
Property taxes and other tax items	87,888,288	84,846,779	3,041,509	3.58%
State sources	7,762,865	7,558,776	204,089	2.70%
Use of money & property	138,078	102,675	35,403	34.48%
Other	210,009	376,264	(166,255)	-44.19%
Total Revenues	102,453,128	99,208,437	3,244,691	3.27%
Expenses		- ··· · -	,	
General support	\$10,583,916	\$10,791,540	(\$207,624)	-1.92%
Instruction	90,686,718	85,422,278	5,264,440	6.16%
Pupil transportation	3,828,969	4,046,275	(217,306)	-5.37%
Community service	166,145	159,053	7,092	4.46%
Debt service-interest	604,843	535,594	69,249	12.93%
Food service program	808,119	798,387	9,732	1.22%
Depreciation (unallocated)	1,067,965	1,051,066	16,899	1.61%
Total Expenses	107,746,675	102,804,193	4,942,482	4.81%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(\$5,293,547)	(\$3,595,756)	(\$1,697,791)	47.22%

The District's fiscal year 2014 revenues totaled \$102,453,128. (See Table A-4). Property taxes (including other tax items) and state sources accounted for most of the District's revenue by contributing 85.78% and 7.58%, respectively. (See Table A-5). The remainder came from fees

charged for services, operating grants, capital grants, use of money and property, and other miscellaneous sources.

The cost of all programs and services totaled \$107,746,675 for fiscal year 2014. These expenses are predominantly related to general instruction and caring for (pupil services) and transporting students, which account for 87.72% of District expenses. (See Table A-6). The District's general support activities accounted for 9.82% of total costs.

Table A-5: Revenues for Fiscal Year 2014 (See Table A-4)

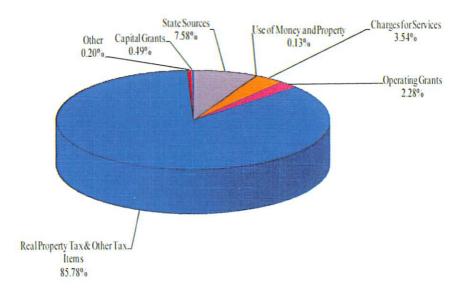
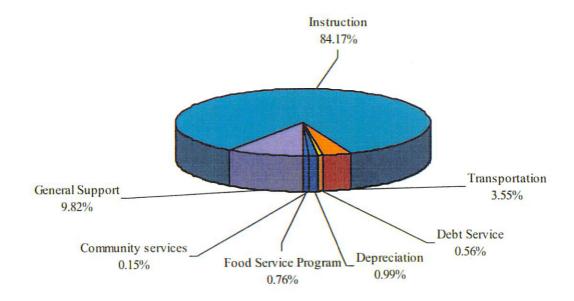


Table A-6: Expenses for Fiscal Year 2014 (See Tables A-4 and A-7)



C. Governmental Activities

Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$102,453,128 while total expenses equaled \$107,746,675, resulting in a decrease in net position of \$5,293,547 for 2014. Although expenses exceeded revenues, the overall good financial condition of the District, as a whole, can be credited to:

- Continued leadership of the District's Board and administration;
- Strong tax base;
- Strategic use of services from the Nassau BOCES;
- Improved curriculum and community support.

Table A-7 presents the cost of major District activities: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, debt service and others. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table A-7: Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
Category	2014	2013	2014	2013
General Support	\$10,583,916	\$10,791,540	\$10,583,916	\$10,708,540
Instruction	90,686,718	85,422,278	85,125,458	80,101,040
Pupil Transportation	3,828,969	4,046,275	3,764,981	3,963,980
Community Service	166,145	159,053	166,145	159,053
Debt Service- Interest	604,843	535,594	604,843	535,594
Food Service Program	808,119	798,387	(20,521)	(39,023)
Depreciation (unallocated)	1,067,965	1,051,066	1,067,965	1,051,066
Total	\$107,746,675	\$102,804,193	\$101,292,787	\$96,480,250

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$107,746,675 (Statement of Activities, Expenses column-see Exhibit 3)
- The users of the District's programs \$3,617,236 financed some of the cost. (Statement of Activities, Charges For Services column-see Exhibit 3)
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with operating grants of \$2,334,940 and capital grants of \$501,712. (Statement of Activities, Operating Grants column and Capital Grants column—see Exhibit 3)

• Most of the District's net costs \$101,292,787 were financed by District taxpayers and state and federal aid. (Statements of Activities, Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position column-see Exhibit 3)

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-Wide Financial Statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the <u>current financial resources measurement focus</u> and the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting</u>. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

As of June 30, 2014, the District's combined governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$9,953,015 which is an decrease of \$4,774,038 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the current expenditures in the capital projects fund that received financing from proceeds of obligations in 2013 for the energy performance debt but had limited revenue and other financing sources to cover the costs.

A summary of the change in fund balance for the governmental funds is as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Increase (Decrease)	Total % Change
General Fund				
Restricted for employee benefit				
accrued liability	\$2,140,504	\$1,949,871	\$190,633	9.78%
Restricted for retirement contribution	2,353,190	2,623,217	(270,027)	-10.29%
Restricted for unemployment insurance	110,767	110,387	380	0.34%
Assigned-designated for				
subsequent year's expenditures	2,800,000	2,800,000	-	0.00%
Assigned-general support	54,827	25,470	29,357	115.26%
Assigned-instruction	4,750	0	4,750	100.00%
Unassigned	3,930,764	4,009,785	(79,021)	-1.97%
Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$11,394,802	\$11,518,730	(\$123,928)	-1.08%

				Total
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	%
	2014	2013	(Decrease)	Change
School Lunch Fund				
Nonspendable for inventory	\$5,474	\$5,348	\$126	2.36%
Assigned for school lunch	30,080	19,626	10,454	53.27%
Total Fund Balance - School Lunch Fund	\$35,554	\$24,974	\$10,580	42.36%
Debt Service Fund				
Restricted for debt service	\$464,784	\$453,119	\$11,665	2.57%
Total Fund Balance - Debt Service Fund	\$464,784	\$453,119	\$11,665	2.57%
Capital Projects Fund				
Restricted	\$265,108	\$3,035,234	(\$2,770,126)	-91.27%
Unassigned for capital projects	(2,207,233)	(305,004)	(1,902,229)	-623.67%
Total Fund Balance - Capital Projects Fund	(\$1,942,125)	\$2,730,230	(\$4,672,355)	-171.13%
Total Fund Balance - All Funds	\$9,953,015	\$14,727,053	(\$4,774,038)	-32.42%

In the general fund, the District can attribute changes to fund balance primarily to operating results, Board approved transfers and allocation of interest earnings.

The increase in the total school lunch fund balance of \$10,580 is due to current year operations.

The increase in the debt service fund balance of \$11,665 can be attributed to interest earnings.

The decrease in the fund balance for capital projects of (\$4,672,355) is primarily due to capital expenditures for capital projects and projects related to the energy performance contract exceeding income from local and state sources.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2013-2014 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$100,748,352. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$25,470 and budget revisions in the amount of \$331,105 which resulted in a final budget of \$101,104,927. The majority of the funding was property taxes and STAR revenue of \$87,820,000.

B. Change in the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is a component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund subsequent years' budgets. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as "Fund Balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget are as follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$4,009,785
Revenues Over Budget	1,298,104
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget	1,343,861
Increase to Restricted for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	(190,633)
Decrease to Restricted for Retirement Contribution	270,027
Increase to Restricted for Unemployment Insurance	(380)
Assigned for June 30, 2015 Budget	(2,800,000)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$3,930,764

The revenues over budget of \$1,298,104 were primarily in state sources (see Supplemental Schedule #1 for detail).

The expenditures and encumbrances under budget of \$1,343,861 were primarily in general support and instructional (see Supplemental Schedule #1 for detail).

Increases and decreases to reserves were primarily due to Board approved transfers and allocation of interest earnings (For further detail refer to Section 4 in the Management Discussion and Analysis).

The closing, unassigned fund balance represents the fund balance retained by the District that is not restricted, assigned for subsequent years' taxes, or unassigned for tax reduction. This amount is limited to 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

The District paid for equipment and various building additions and renovations during the fiscal year 2014. A summary of the District's capital assets net of depreciation is as follows:

Table A-8: Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	Percentage
Category	2014	2013	Decrease	Change
Land & land improvements	\$ 50,828	\$ 50,828	\$ -	0.00%
Construction in progress	5,676,922		5,676,922	N/A
Buildings & building improvements	33,915,799	33,172,905	742,894	2.24%
Furniture & equipment	6,824,208	6,460,602	363,606	5.63%
Vehicles	400,449	335,723	64,726	19.28%
Subtotal	46,868,206	40,020,058	6,848,148	17.11%
Less: Accumulated depreciation	20,137,345	19,069,380	1,067,965	5.60%
Total Net Capital Assets	\$26,730,861	\$20,950,678	\$ 5,780,183	27.59%

The District spent \$6,200,770 in the capital projects fund on building improvements and equipment purchases during the year.

B. Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2014, the District had total bonds payable of \$10,445,000 and energy performance debt payable of \$2,987,264. The District also had installment debt payable for equipment capital leases of \$62,849. Decreases represent principal payments. Increases represent new debt issued during the year, offset by principal payments. A summary of outstanding debt at June 30, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

_	2014	2013	Increase (Decrease)
Bonds payable	\$10,445,000	\$11,715,000	(\$1,270,000)
Installment debt payable	62,849	61,592	1,257
Energy performance contract payable	2,987,264	3,035,234	(47,970)
Total	\$13,495,113	\$14,811,826	(\$1,316,713)

7. FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

A. The District issued \$10,000,000 in tax anticipation notes on August 28, 2014 maturing on June 26, 2015 for the following:

Amount	Rate	Premium
\$10,000,000	1.00%	\$72,203

- **B.** The general fund budget for the 2014-2015 school year was approved by the voters in the amount of \$103,136,754. This is an increase of 2.37 % over the previous year's budget. The increase was primarily due to increases in personnel costs and employee benefits.
- C. The 2014-2015 budget is impacted by certain trends impacting school districts. These include increases in retirement contributions and health insurance costs.
- D. The NYS Legislature has introduced and approved a property tax cap beginning in the 2012-2013 school year. This bill limits tax levy growth to the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in the CPI. Limited exemptions to exceed the levy cap are provided for taxes needed to pay for voter-approved capital expenditures, pension rate increases, court orders and torts over five percent of the prior year's levy. If the tax levy proposed to the voters is within the district's tax levy cap, then a majority vote would be required for approval. If the proposed tax levy exceeds the district's tax levy cap, the threshold required for approval would be 60 percent of the vote. A school district that does not levy an amount up to the cap in any one year would be allowed to carry over unused tax levy capacity into future years.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Rockville Centre Union Free School District
Mr. Robert Bartels
Assistant Superintendent for Business
128 Shepherd Street
Rockville Centre, New York 11570
(516) 255-8935

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Unrestricted	\$17,405,264
Restricted	4,879,103
Receivables	
State and federal aid	2,000,849
Taxes receivable	1,510,149
Accounts receivable	19,896
Due from other governments	1,188,152
Due from fiduciary funds	419,177
Inventories	5,474
Capital assets	
Not being depreciated	32,038
Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	26,698,823
TOTAL ASSETS	\$54,158,925
LIABILITIES	
Payables	E(0/ 505
Accounts payable	\$696,597
Accrued liabilities	158,230
Accrued Interest	120,767
Retainage payable	17,423
Due to other governments	325,285
Due to teachers' retirement system	8,003,525
Due to employees' retirement system	457,793
Compensated absences payable	5,530
Note payable	
Bond anticipation notes payable	7,500,000
Unearned credits	
Collections in advance	308,307
Long-term liabilities	
Due and payable within one year	
Bonds payable	1,325,000
Installment debt payable	27,842
Energy performance contract payable	173,768
Claims payable	639,503
Compensated absences payable	223,067
Due and payable after one year	
Bonds payable	9,120,000
Installment debt payable	35,007
Energy performance contract payable	2,813,496
Claims payable	353,169
Compensated absences payable	1,917,437
Net other post employment benefit obligation	44,708,558
TOTAL LIABILITIES	78,930,304
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	6,000,856
Department and	
Restricted	2 140 504
Employee benefit accrued liability	2,140,504
Retirement contribution	2,353,190
Unemployment insurance	110,767
Debt service	5,069,245
Unrestricted (definit)	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(35,841,480)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	(24,771,379)
TOTAL NET POSITION AND LIABILITIES	\$54,158,925

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS					
General support	(\$10,583,916)				(\$10,583,916)
Instruction	(90,686,718)	\$3,085,037	\$1,974,511	\$501,712	(85,125,458)
Pupil transportation	(3,828,969)		63,988		(3,764,981)
Community services	(166,145)				(166,145)
Debt service - interest	(604,843)				(604,843)
Food service program	(808,119)	532,199	296,441		20,521
Depreciation (unallocated)	(1,067,965)				(1,067,965)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	(\$107,746,675)	\$3,617,236	\$2,334,940	\$501,712	(101,292,787)
GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement Use of money & property Sale of property & compensation for loss Miscellaneous State sources Medicaid reimbursement TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	nt				\$79,767,409 8,120,879 138.078 30,360 156.614 7,762.865 23,035 95,999,240
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					(5,293,547)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNI	ING OF YEAR				(19,477,832)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF	YEAR				(\$24,771,379)

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash						
Unrestricted	\$10,850,056	\$98,304	\$221,513		\$6,235,391	£17 40£ 264
Restricted	4,604,461	370,304	\$221,313	\$ 9,534	265,108	\$17,405,264 4,879,103
Receivables	4,004,401			37,334	203,106	4,079,103
State and federal aid	1,052,107	926,427	22,315			2,000,849
Accounts receivable	19,896	,20,12,	22,313			19,896
Property taxes	1,510,149					1,510,149
Due from other governments	1,188,152					1,188,152
Due from other funds	1,445,915			455,250		1,901,165
Inventories	.,,.		5,474	,		5,474
TOTAL ASSETS	\$20,670,736	\$1,024,731	\$249,302	\$464,784	\$ 6,500,499	\$28,910,052
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Payables						
Accounts payable	\$147,449	\$20,038	\$785		\$528,325	\$696,597
Accrued liabilities	157,203	1,027	•		,	158,230
Retainage payable	,				17,423	17,423
Due to other funds		905,562	179,550		396,876	1,481,988
Due to other governments	324,994		291			325,285
Due to teachers' retirement system	8,003,525					8,003,525
Due to employees' retirement system	457,793					457,793
Compensated absences	5,530					5,530
Note payable						
Bond anticipation note payable					7,500,000	7,500,000
Unearned credits						
Collections in advance	177,081	98,104	33,122			308,307
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,273,575	1,024,731	213,748	 	8,442,624	18,954,678
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
NYC tuition	2,359					2,359
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,359	•	-			2,359
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable: Inventory			5,474			5,474
Restricted						
Employee benefit accrued liability	2,140,504					2,140,504
Retirement contribution	2,353,190					2,353,190
Unemployment insurance	110,767					110,767
Debt service				464,784		464,784
Unspent EPC proceeds					265,108	265,108
Assigned						
Appropriated fund balance	2,800,000					2,800,000
Unappropriated fund balance	59,577		30,080			89,657
Unassigned: Fund Balance (Deficit)	3,930,764				(2,207,233)	1,723,531
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	11,394,802		35,554	464,784	(1,942,125)	9,953,015
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	F					
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$20,670,736	\$1,024,731	\$249,302	\$464,784	\$6,500,499	\$28,910,052

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$9,953,015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets	\$46,868,206	
Accumulated depreciation	(20,137,345)	26,730,861

Deferred Inflows of Resources - The Statement of Net Position recognizes revenues received under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenue under the modified accrual method.

2,359

Payables that are associated with long-term liabilities that are not payable in the current period are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Additional payables relating to long-term liabilities at year end consisted of accrued interest payable of: (120,767)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consisted of:

(\$10,445,000)	
(62,849)	
(2,987,264)	
(992,672)	
(2,140,504)	
(44,708,558)	(61,336,847)
	(62,849) (2,987,264) (992,672) (2,140,504)

Total Net Position (Deficit) (\$24,771,379)

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$79,767,409					\$79,767,409
Other tax items - including STAR						, ,
reimbursement	8,120,879					8,120,879
Charges for services	3,082,678					3,082,678
Use of money and property	126,096		\$317	\$11,665		138,078
Sale of property and						•
compensation for loss	55,804					55,804
Miscellaneous	156,614					156,614
Local sources		\$57,461	1,335			58,796
State sources	8,236,496	260,227	12,938		\$501,712	9,011,373
Federal sources	31,585	1,720,811	237,210			1,989,606
Surplus food			44,958			44,958
Sales			532,199			532,199
TOTAL REVENUES	99,577,561	2,038,499	828,957	11,665	501,712	102,958,394
EXPENDITURES						
General support	8,093,110					8,093,110
Instruction	60,073,244	2,072,060				62,145,304
Pupil transportation	3,528,755	63,988				3,592,743
Community service	109,073	05,700				109,073
Employee benefits	24,839,837					24,839,837
Debt service - principal	25,446			1,317,970		1,343,416
Debt service - interest	106,372			510,133		616,505
Cost of sales	100,572		818,377	210,122		818,377
Capital outlay			0.0,5		6,200,770	6,200,770
Cupital outling					0,000,110	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	96,775,837	2,136,048	818,377	1,828,103	6,200,770	107,759,135
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)						
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,801,724	(97,549)	10,580	(1,816,438)	(5,699,058)	(4,800,741)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)						
Proceeds from installment purchase debt					26,703	26,703
Operating transfers in		97,549		1,828,103	1,000,000	2,925,652
Operating transfers (out)	(2,925,652)	,		. ,	•	(2,925,652)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(2,925,652)	97,549		1,828,103	1,026,703	26,703
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)	(123,928)	-	10,580	11,665	(4,672,355)	(4,774,038)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,518,730		24,974	453,119	2,730,230	14,727,053
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$11,394,802	\$ -	\$35,554	\$464,784	(\$1,942,125)	\$9,953,015

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE STO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances	(\$4,774,038)			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences				
Claims payable in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because the expense is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, the payable is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due. Claims payable from June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014 changed by	(41,977)			
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Compensated absences payable from June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014 changed by	(199,188)			
Net other post-employment benefits obligation payable in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because the expense is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, the payable is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due. Net other post-employment benefits obligation payable from June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014 changed by	(6,881,636)			
Deferred Inflows of Resources - The Statement of Net Position recognizes revenues received under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenue under the modified accrual method of Activities.	(505,266)			
Capital Differences Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and show in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlays and equipment purchases Depreciation expense (1,067,965)	5,780,183			
Long-Term Debt Transactions				
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and this requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due. Accrued interest from June 30,	11.772			
2013 to June 30, 2014 changed by	11,662			
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	1,270,000			
Proceeds from installment debt is an other financing source in the governmental funds, but it increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	es (26,703)			
Repayment of installment debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	25,446			
Repayment of energy performance contract principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	47,970			
Change in Net Position	(\$5,293,547)			

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash-Restricted	\$285,721	\$861,145
Investment in securities	1,483,552	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,769,273	\$861,145
LIABILITIES		
Due to governmental funds		\$419,177
Extraclassroom activity balance		156,663
Other liabilities		285,305
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$861,145
NET POSITION		
Restricted for scholarships	\$1,769,273	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$1,769,273	

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose
	Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Gifts and contributions	\$2,780
Interest and earnings	36,608
Unrealized gain on investments	99,107
TOTAL ADDITIONS	138,495
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships and awards	30,775
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	30,775
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	107,720
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,661,553
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$1,769,273

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of Rockville Centre Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A) Reporting entity:

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and GASB Statement 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and its component unit and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of a certain entity included in the District's reporting entity.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the District's business office. The District reports these assets held by its agent for the Extra classroom organizations in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund.

B) <u>Joint venture:</u>

The District is one of 56 component school districts in the Nassau Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

C) Basis of presentation:

i) District-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

ii) Fund Financial Statements:

The Fund Financial Statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

School Lunch Fund: This fund is used to account for the activities of the District's food service operations.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private purpose trust funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D) Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The District-Wide Financial Statements and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly, receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E) Real property taxes:

i) Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than August 15, and become a lien on October 1 and April 1. Taxes are collected by the Town of Hempstead during the period October 1 through November 10, and April 1 through May 10 without penalty.

ii) Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Nassau County (the "County") in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following July 1.

F) Restricted resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G) Interfund transactions:

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-Wide Financial Statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 9 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H) Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of capital assets.

I) Cash and cash equivalents:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and demand deposits, as well as short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

J) Receivables:

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K) <u>Inventories and prepaid items:</u>

Inventories of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

A reserve for these non-liquid assets (inventories) has been recognized in the school lunch fund as non-spendable under GASB Statement No. 54 to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed. The District had no prepaid items at June 30, 2014.

L) Capital assets:

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to 20 years. For assets acquired prior to 20 years, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals are used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Building & Building			
Improvements	\$2,000	Straight-line	50 years
Furniture & Equipment	\$2,000	Straight-line	5-20 years
Land Improvements	\$2,000	Straight-line	20 years
Vehicles	\$2,000	Straight-line	8 years

M) Collections in advance:

Collections in advance arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for collections in advance is removed and revenues are recorded.

In the fund level statements, collections in advance consist of amounts received in advance for the summer program in the general fund; for amounts received in advance for meals that have not yet been purchased in the school lunch fund and for amounts received in advance for grants in the special aid fund.

N) Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. These amounts are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. In subsequent periods, when availability criterion is met, deferred revenues are classified as revenues. In the District-Wide Financial Statements, deferred revenues are generally treated as revenues.

In the Fund Financial Statements, deferred inflows of resources of \$2,359 consists of tuition due from NYC not expected to be collected (available) in the current period.

O) <u>Vested employee benefits:</u>

Compensated absences:

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time:

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. Certain collectively bargained agreements require these termination payments be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the 403(b).

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

P) Other benefits:

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403 (b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the District-Wide Statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45.

Q) Short-term debt:

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

R) Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations:

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-Wide Financial Statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Position.

S) Equity Classifications:

i) District-Wide Financial Statements:

In the District-Wide Financial Statements, there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

ii) Fund Financial Statements:

There are five classifications of fund balance as detailed below; however, in the Fund Financial Statements there are four classifications of fund balance presented:

- (1) Non-spendable fund balance Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the school lunch fund of \$5,474.
- (2) <u>Restricted fund balance</u> Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District has classified the following as restricted:

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee benefit accrued liability reserve (GML§6-p), must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement contribution reserve (GML§6-r), must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u>

Unemployment insurance reserve (GML§6-m), must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

Debt Service

The unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects, interest and earning from investing proceeds of borrowings, and borrowing premiums can be recorded as amounts restricted for debt service. These restricted funds are accounted for in the debt service fund.

Unspent Energy Performance Proceeds

Unspent energy performance proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

Scholarships

Amounts restricted for scholarships are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, net of earnings and awards. These restricted funds are accounted in the private purpose trust fund.

- (3) <u>Committed fund balance</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority (i.e., Board of Education). The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2014.
- (4) <u>Assigned fund balance</u> Includes amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget. Assigned

fund balance also includes Board designations and encumbrances not classified as restricted or committed at the end of the fiscal year.

(5) <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> —Includes the residual fund balance for the general fund and includes residual fund balance deficits of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

The capital projects fund had a deficit fund balance of \$1,942,125. This will be funded when the District obtains permanent financing for its bond projects.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances included in assigned fund balance are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of Use of Fund Balance

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (e.g., expenditures related to reserves) the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either budget vote or board approved budget revision and then from the unrestricted fund balance. Expenditures incurred in the unrestricted fund balances shall be applied first to the assigned fund balance to the extent that there is an assignment and then to the unassigned fund balance.

T) Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27, effective for fiscal years ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, effective for fiscal years ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective for fiscal years ending June 30, 2015.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTE 2 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the Fund Financial Statements and the District-Wide Financial Statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

(A) <u>Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:</u>

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

B) Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances vs. statement of activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of the four broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

i) Long-term revenue and expense differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accruals basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

ii) Capital related differences:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

iii) Long-term debt transaction differences:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal

payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

iv) Employee benefit allocations:

Expenditures for employee benefits are not allocated to a specific function on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances based on the requirements of New York State. These costs have been allocated based on total salary for each function in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A) Budgets:

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund. Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the fiscal year are shown on Supplemental Schedule #3.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B) Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These

commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS:

A) Cash:

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and districts.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A) Uncollateralized;
- B) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name; or
- C) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

None of the District's aggregate bank balances, not covered by depository insurance, were exposed to custodial credit risk as described above at year end.

Restricted cash:

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash at June 30, 2014 included \$4,879,103 within the governmental funds for capital projects, debt service and general reserve purposes and \$1,146,866 in the fiduciary funds.

B) Investments:

Investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at fair value in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Other Investments:

Other investments on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of June 30, 2014 consist of \$1,483,552 in equity securities in the private purpose trust fund. Ownership of equity securities is not in accordance with the District's investment policy. During the year the District had an unrealized gain of \$99,107. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

NOTE 5 – PARTICIPATION IN BOCES:

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the District was billed \$5,862,387 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,701,832. Financial statements for the Nassau BOCES are available from the Nassau BOCES administrative office at 71 Clinton Road, Garden City, NY 11530.

NOTE 6 – STATE AND FEDERAL AID RECEIVABLE:

State and federal aid receivable at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

General Fund	
New York State Aid- excess cost aid	\$ 256,287
New York State Aid- boces aid	795,820
Total	1,052,107
Special Aid Fund	
Federal Aid	678,392
State Aid	248,035
Total	926,427
School Lunch Fund	
State and federal food service	
program reimbursements	22,315
Total- State and Federal aid receivable	\$2,000,849

District management has deemed these amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 7 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due from other governments in the general fund at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

Tuition and health services - Other Districts \$1,188,152

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	32,038			\$ 32,038
Construction in Progress			\$ 5,676,922		5,676,922
Total capital assets not being depreciated		32,038	 5,676,922	-	 5,708,960
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building & Building Improvements		33,172,905	742,894		33,915,799
Furniture and equipment		6,460,602	363,606		6,824,208
Land Improvements		18,790			18,790
Vehicles		335,723	64,726		400,449
Total capital assets being depreciated		39,988,020	 1,171,226		41,159,246
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Building & Building Improvements		14,945,688	640,558		15,586,246
Furniture and equipment		3,943,563	384,994		4,328,557
Land Improvements		10,340	940		11,280
Vehicles		169,789	 41,473		211,262
Total accumulated depreciation		19,069,380	1,067,965		 20,137,345
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		20,918,640	 103,261		21,021,901
Capital assets, net	_\$	20,950,678	\$ 5,780,183	<u>\$</u>	\$ 26,730,861
Depreciation expense (unallocated)					 1,067,965

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

	Inter	fund	Inter	rfund
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures
General fund	\$1,445,915			\$2,925,652
Special aid fund		\$905,562	\$97,549	
School lunch fund		179,550		
Debt service fund	455,250		1,828,103	
Capital projects fund		396,876	1,000,000	
Total government activities	1,901,165	1,481,988	2,925,652	2,925,652
Fiduciary agency fund		419,177		
Totals	\$1,901,165	\$1,901,165	\$2,925,652	\$2,925,652

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the debt service fund to finance debt service payments. The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund to fund the District's 20% share of summer school handicap expenses required by New York State law and to fund the State Supported Section 4201 schools. The 2013-2014 Budget authorized a transfer of \$1,000,000 from the general fund to the capital fund which was used to finance numerous capital projects.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 10 – SHORT-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Maturity	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance
BAN	6/26/2014	1.00%		\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ -
TAN	6/27/2014	0.45%		15,000,000	15,000,000	-
BAN	12/18/2014	0.75%		 7,500,000	 -	7,500,000
Tota	ıl		\$ -	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 22,500,000	\$ 7,500,000

Interest expense on short-term debt for the year was \$98,125.

The TAN was issued for interim financing of general fund operations. The BAN was issued for interim financing of expenditures within the capital projects fund.

NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance	One Year
Long-term debt:					
Bonds payable:	\$11,715,000		\$1,270,000	\$10,445,000	\$1,325,000
Installment purchase debt	61,592	\$26,703	25,446	62,849	27,842
Energy perfomance debt payable	3,035,234		47,970	2,987,264	173,768
Other liabilities:					
Claims payable	950,695	896,882	854,905	992,672	639,503
Compensated absences payable	1,941,316	235,307	36,119	2,140,504	223,067
Net other post employment					
benefits obligation payable	37,826,922	10,483,680	3,602,044	44,708,558	
Total long-term liabilities	\$55,530,759	\$11,642,572	\$5,836,484	\$61,336,847	\$2,389,180

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences, claims payable, net other post employment benefits obligation, installment debt payable and energy performance debt payable.

A) Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at Year End
Construction Serial Bond	10/1/2006	10/1/2021	3.75%-4.0%	\$3,965,000
Construction Serial Bond	7/15/2003	7/15/2018	3.5%-4.125%	1,355,000
Construction Serial Bond	10/1/2006	10/1/2021	3.75%-4.0%	5,125,000
				\$10,445,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$1,325,000	\$386,172	\$1,711,172
2016	1,380,000	334,547	1,714,547
2017	1,430,000	280,487	1,710,487
2018	1,495,000	222,863	1,717,863
2019	1,555,000	161,681	1,716,681
2020-2022	3,260,000	165,800	3,425,800
	\$10,445,000	\$1,551,550	\$11,996,550

B) Installment Debt

Installment debt is comprised of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	at Year End
Musical Instruments	Various	Various	Various	\$62,849

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for installment debt:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$27,842	\$5,863	\$33,705
2016	17,292	3,253	20,545
2017	11,398	1,635	13,033
2018	6,317	577	6,894
	\$62,849	\$11,328	\$74,177

C) Energy Performance Debt

Energy performance debt is comprised of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	at Year End
Energy Performance Debt	6/21/2013	12/30/2028	2.46%	\$2,987,264

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for energy performance debt:

Fiscal	Year	Ended

June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$173,768	\$72,424	\$246,192
2016	178,069	68,123	246,192
2017	182,476	63,716	246,192
2018	186,993	59,199	246,192
2019	191,621	54,571	246,192
2020-2024	1,031,642	199,321	1,230,963
2025-2029	1,042,695	65,172	1,107,867
	\$2,987,264	\$582,526	\$3,569,790

D) <u>Long-Term Interest</u>

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$518,380
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(132,429)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	120,767
Total expense	\$506,718

E) Unissued Debt

On March 19, 2013, the voters approved a bond referendum of \$45,926,000 authorizing the reconstruction and construction of improvements to school facilities. As of June 30, 2014, the District has financed bond projects with bond anticipation notes until serial bonds are issued.

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS:

A) General information:

The District participates in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) (the "System") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS) (the "System"). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B) <u>Provisions and administration:</u>

i) Teachers' Retirement System

The New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers NYSTRS. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

ii) Employees' Retirement System

NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. New York State Retirement and Social Security Law govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or accessed at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C) <u>Funding policies:</u>

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee who joined the Systems prior to July 27, 1976. For employees who joined after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the Systems more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2012 employees in NYERS contribute 3% of their salary throughout their active membership and those in NYTRS contribute 3.5% throughout their active membership. For employees hired on or after April 1, 2012, employee contribution rates are dependent upon salaries and range from 3% to 6% of salary throughout active membership. For NYSERS, the Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
2014	\$1,579,116	\$5,751,975
2013	\$1,748,844	\$5,323,490
2012	\$1,449,908	\$5,324,334

D) <u>Tax Sheltered Annuities:</u>

The District has adopted a 403 (b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain termination payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2014, totaled \$364,450 and \$2,935,611 respectively.

E) Deferred Compensation Plan:

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for all employees. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$156,583.

NOTE 13 – POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS:

A) Plan Descriptions

The District primarily provides post employment health insurance coverage to retired employees and their spouses in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. Benefits are provided through the New York State Health Insurance Program Empire Plan (the "Plan"), which is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan.

B) Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the District. For fiscal year 2014, the District contributed \$3,602,044 to the plan. Plan members receiving benefits contributed 0% - 10% of the health insurance premium.

C) Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement #45. The

ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 11,158,085
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,512,961
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(2,187,366)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	10,483,680
Contributions made *	 (3,602,044)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	6,881,636
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	37,826,922
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 44,708,558

^{*}Contributions made are estimated based on actuary report

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two previous years, were as follows:

			Percentage	
Fiscal	Annual		of Annual	Net
Year	OPEB	OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB
Ending	Cost	Contributions	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/14	\$10,483,680	\$3,602,044	34.36%	\$44,708,558
6/30/13	10,525,153	3,643,967	34.62%	37,826,922
6/30/12	11,629,022	3,868,617	33.27%	30,945,736

D) Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$117,321,160, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of 117,321,160. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$54,278,950 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 216.14%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress following the notes to the financial statements provides multiyear trend

information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

E) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the District and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term liability in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation prepared by an outside actuarial firm, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used to value the actuarial accrued liability and normal cost. The actuarial assumptions included a discount rate of 3.75% and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after 7 years. The UAAL is being amortized using the level dollar amortization method over a period of 30 years.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

A) General:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B) Consortiums and Self Insured Plans:

The District participates in New York Schools Insurance Reciprocal (NYSIR), a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its District property and liability insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool. As of June 30, 2014, the District has no reserve for property loss.

The District participates in the Nassau County Schools Cooperative Self Insured Plan for Workers' Compensation, a risk sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public school entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The District's share of the total liability discounted at 1% for incurred but unpaid claims and incurred but not reported claims is \$1,482,539. The District also maintained reserves of \$489,867 with the public school entity risk pool resulting in a net long-term liability of \$992,672.

Claims activity for the current and preceding year were as follows:

_	2014	2013
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$950,695	\$1,463,402
Claims incurred and claim adjustment expenses	896,882	(88,606)
Claims paid	(854,905)	(424,101)
Unpaid claims at year end	\$992,672	\$950,695

NOTE 15 - FUND BALANCES - ASSIGNED AND ENCUMBERED:

A) Assigned: Appropriated:

The amount of \$2,800,000 has been designated as the amount estimated to be appropriated to reduce taxes for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 in the general fund.

B) Encumbered:

All encumbrances are classified as assigned or restricted fund balance. At June 30, 2014, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance
General Fund
General Support
Instruction

Restricted Fund Balance
Capital Projects Fund
Capital Projects

\$73,116

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

A) Grants:

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the district's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

B) Operating Leases:

The following is a summary of obligations of government activities under operating lease payments:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Total
2015	\$955,852
2016	574,065
2017	455,848
2018	261,457
2019	116,782
Total lease payments	\$2,364,004

Operating lease payments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were \$1,018,838.

C) Litigation:

As of June 30, 2014, we are unaware of any pending or threatened litigation or unasserted claims or assessments against the District which require disclosure.

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

A. The District issued \$10,000,000 in tax anticipation notes on August 28, 2014, maturing on June 26, 2015 for the following:

	Interest	
Amount	Rate	Premium
\$10,000,000	1.00%	\$72,203

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Actual	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary
	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Actual
REVENUES				
Local sources				
Real property taxes	\$79,738,117	\$79,738,117	\$79,767,409	\$29,292
Other real property tax items	8,081,883	8,081,883	8,120,879	38,996
Charges for services	2,731,000	3,062,105	3,082,678	20,573
Use of money & property	95,000	95,000	126,096	31,096
Sale of property				
& compensation for loss	20,000	20,000	55,804	35,804
Miscellaneous	124,938	124,938	156,614	31,676
State sources				
Basic formula	3,739,174	3,739,174	3,069,992	(669,182)
Excess cost aid	1,543,240	1,543,240	1,652,951	109,711
Lottery aid	300,000	300,000	1,280,313	980,313
BOCES aid	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,701,832	501,832
Textbook aid	250,000	250,000	250,184	184
Computer software aid	75,000	75,000	90,965	15,965
Library A/V loan program aid	25,000	25,000	27,412	2,412
Other State Aid			162,847	162,847
Federal sources	25,000	25,000	31,585	6,585
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	97,948,352	98,279,457	\$99,577,561	\$1,298,104
Appropriated fund balance	2,800,000	2,800,000		
Appropriated reserves	25,470	25,470		
TOTAL REVENUES & APPROPRIATED				
FUND BALANCE	\$100,773,822	\$101,104,927		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Year-End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances
EXPENDITURES	Original Dauget	- I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		<u> </u>	and Encombrances
General support					
Board of education	\$166,237	\$161,837	\$98,416		\$63,421
Central administration	526,187	546,187	538,902		7,285
Finance	1,082,654	1,001,285	1,000,792		493
Staff	851,825	510,575	448,061		62,514
Central services	6,329,344	5,541,533	5,139,658	\$54,827	347,048
Special items	915,000	909,723	867,281		42,442
Instructional					
Instruction, adm. & imp.	3,894,215	3,847,069	3,763,048		84,021
Teaching - regular school	36,323,467	36,673,307	36,663,780	4,750	4,777
Programs for children with					
handicapping conditions	10,032,274	10,304,932	10,297,353		7,579
Occupational education	220,000	320,000	309,460		10,540
Teaching special schools	910,625	793,405	731,575		61,830
Instructional media	2,680,320	3,107,362	2,995,150		112,212
Pupil services	5,595,330	5,552,524	5,312,878		239,646
Pupil transportation	4,098,505	3,588,298	3,528,755		59,543
Community services	192,951	192,951	109,073		83,878
Employee benefits	23,818,400	24,840,859	24,839,837		1,022
Debt service					
Debt service principal	69,481	46,481	25,446		21,035
Debt service interest	262,000	237,592	106,372		131,220
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	97,968,815	98,175,920	96,775,837	59,577	1,340,506
Other financing uses					
Transfers to other funds	2,805,007	2,929,007	2,925,652		3,355
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$100,773,822	\$101,104,927	99,701,489	\$59,577	\$1,343,861
Net change in fund balance			(123,928)		
Fund balance - beginning of year			11,518,730		
Fund balance - end of year			\$11,394,802		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) JUNE 30, 2014

						Unfunded
						Liability as a
	Actuarial					Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
July 1, 2012	\$0	\$117,321,160	\$117,321,160	0%	\$54,278,950	216.14%
July 1, 2010	0	121,285,587	121,285,587	0%	51,112,505	237.29%
July 1 2008	0	102 179 065	102.179.065	0%	50.103.738	203.94%

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT JUNE 30, 2014

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget		\$100,748,352				
Add: Prior year's encumbrances						
Original Budget		100,773,822				
Budget revisions: Donations Retirement contribution reserve use	_	52,054 279,051				
Final Budget	=	\$101,104,927				
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION						
Next Year's Voter Approved Budget	=	\$103,136,754				
Maximum allowed (4% of 2014-2015 budget)	=	\$4,125,470				
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:						
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$2,859,577 3,930,764	6,790,341				
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance Total adjustments	\$2,800,000 59,577	2,859,577				
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	=	\$3,930,764				
Actual Percentage		3.81%				

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

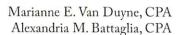
				Expenditures and Obligations to Date			Methods of Financing				Fund	
		Original	Revised				Available	Proceeds of		Local		Balance
Project Title	Project #	Appropriation	Appropriation	Prior Year's	Current Year	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	State Aid	Sources	Total	June 30, 2014
EXCEL Projects												
SSMS - Locker Room	2020	\$79,578	\$60,500	\$60,500		\$60,500	s -		\$46,728		\$46,728	(\$13,772) *
South Side Middle School	2021	264,234	264,234	264,234		264,234	-		181,529		181,529	(82,705) *
Wilson - Front Portico	4020	92,000	97,340	97,340		97,340	•		74,924		74,924	(22,416) *
Wilson Elementary School	4021	38,250	44,433	44,433		44,433	-		30,525		30,525	(13,908) *
Hewitt Elementary School	7018	210,700	276,028	276,028		276,028	-		189,631		189,631	(86,397) *
Covert Elementary School	8015	92,500	104,724	104,724		104,724	-		71,946		71,946	(32,778) *
Districtwide Electrical	9004	826,900	747,826	705,184		705,184	42,642		623,875		623,875	(81,309) *
Future EXCEL Projects		23,486	23,486	23,486		23,486	-				-	(23,486) *
2013 Bond Issue		39,128,396	39,128,395	11,917		11,917	39,116,478				•	(11,917) ^
Districtwide Air Conditioning		1,775,000	1,775,000		\$387,705	387,705	1,387,295				-	(387,705) ^
South Side Middle School	2023	677,201	677,201		319,071	319,071	358,130				-	(319,071) ^
South Side High School	5026	1,659,048	1,659,049		380,671	380,671	1,278,378				•	(380,671) ^
South Side High School	5027	1,360,705	1,360,705		1,057,788	1,057,788	302,917				-	(1,057,788) ^
Administration Building	6009	64,806	64,806		1,806	1,806	63,000				-	(1,806) ^
Watson Roof Replacement	3015	780,158	780,158		85,337	85,337	694,821				-	(85,337) ^
Floyd B Watson Elementary	3016	335,252	335,252		153,845	153,845	181,407				-	(153,845) ^
Covert Elementary School	8017	758,000	758,000		74,699	74,699	683,301				-	(74,699) ^
Covert Elementary School	8018	68,434	68,434		7,188	7,188	61,246				-	(7,188) ^
Riverside Elementary School	1019	68,000	68,000		594	594	67,406				-	(594) ^
2012 2013 Transfer to Capital		820,000	820,000	423,153	390,111	813,264	6,736			\$820,000	820,000	6,736
Riverside Elementary School	1018	180,000	180,000	11,451	168,549	180,000				180,000	180,000	-
2013 2014 Transfer to Capital		1.000,000	1,000,000		376,577	376,577	623,423			1,000,000	1,000,000	623,423
Energy Performance Contract		.,,	,,,,,,,,,								-,,	
Riverside Elementary School	1017	210,217	210,217		182,004	182,004	28,213	\$210,217			210,217	28,213
South Side Middle School	2022	482,519	482,519		459,677	459,677	22,842	482,519			482,519	22,842
Wilson Elementary School	4022	215,310	215,310		180,176	180,176	35,134	215,310			215,310	35,134
South Side High School	5024	885,948	885,948		811,913	811,913	74,035	885,948			885,948	74.035
Hewitt Elementary School	7019	633,220	633,220		622,718	622,718	10,502	633,220			633,220	10,502
Covert Elementary School	8016	194,915	194,915		154,620	154,620	40,295	194,915			194,915	40,295
Administration Building	6007	153,655	153,655		127,187	127,187	26,468	153,655			153,655	26,468
Floyd B Watson Elementary	3014	259,450	259,450		231,831	231,831	27,619	259,450			259,450	27,619
Installment Purchase Contracts	3014	237,430	26,703		26,703	26,703	-	26,703			26,703	-
Total		\$53,337,882	\$53,355,508	\$2,022,450	\$6,200,770	\$8,223,220	\$45,132,288	\$3,061,937	\$1,219,158	\$2,000,000	\$6,281,095	(\$1,942,125)

The deficit will be eliminated when Excel Aid and State Aid in the amount of \$1,700,000 is received.

The deficit for the 2013 Bond Issue will be eliminated when the district issues the bond.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2014

Capital assets, net		\$26,730,861
Deduct:		
Bond anticipation note payable		7,500,000
Bond anticipation note payable		7,300,000
Short-term portion of bonds payable	1,325,000	
Long-term portion of bonds payable	9,120,000	10,445,000
Short-term portion of installment debt payable	27,842	
Long-term portion of installment debt payable	35,007	62,849
Short-term portion of energy performance contract payable	173,768	
Long-term portion of energy performance contract payable	2,813,496	
Less: unspent energy performance contract proceeds	(265,108)	2,722,156
Net investment in capital assets		\$6,000,856





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Rockville Centre Union Free School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of Rockville Centre Union Free School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Rockville Centre Union Free School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rockville Centre Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rockville Centre Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rockville Centre Union Free School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rockville Centre Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP

Islandia, NY October 10, 2014